



For your patients with hemophilia A RECOMMEND THE COVERAGE OF KOVALTRY®

INDICATIONS

- KOVALTRY® Antihemophilic Factor (Recombinant) is a recombinant human DNA sequence derived, full length Factor VIII concentrate indicated for use in adults and children with hemophilia A for:
 - On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
 - Perioperative management of bleeding
 - Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
- KOVALTRY is not indicated for the treatment of von Willebrand disease.

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

KOVALTRY is contraindicated in patients who have a history of hypersensitivity reactions to the active substance, to any of the excipients, or to mouse or hamster proteins.





Dosing with KOVALTRY® for routine prophylaxis¹

Individualize the patient's dose based on clinical response				
	Dose	Regimen		
Adults	20-40 IU/kg	2x/week or 3x/week		

PK parameters of KOVALTRY® in the LEOPOLD I trial (arithmetic mean ± SD)¹

✓ PK parameters were measured using chromogenic substrate assay after a single 50 IU/kg dose of KOVALTRY[®] in 21 previously treated patients ≥18 years old

Parameter (unit)	≥18 years	
AUC (IU•h/dL)	2103.4 ± 702.8	
C _{max} (IU/dL)	133.1 ± 20.4	
t _{1/2} (h)	14.2 ± 3.5	
MRT _{IV} (h)	19.9 ± 4.9	
V _{ss} (dL/kg)	0.50 ± 0.11	
CL (dL/h/kg)	0.027 ± 0.010	

AUC=area under the curve. CL=clearance. C_{max}=maximum concentration. LEOPOLD=Long-Term Efficacy Open-Label Program in Severe Hemophilia A Disease. MRT_{IV}=mean residence time after intravenous administration. PK=pharmacokinetics. SD=standard deviation. t_{1/2}=half-life. V_{ss}=apparent volume of distribution at steady state.

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, are possible with KOVALTRY. Early signs of hypersensitivity reactions, which can progress to anaphylaxis, may include chest or throat tightness, dizziness, mild hypotension and nausea. Discontinue KOVALTRY if symptoms occur and seek immediate emergency treatment.





Cross-over study examining PK characteristics of KOVALTRY® and Advate® (N=18)²

Study summary ^{2,3}				
Study description	 The PK profiles of KOVALTRY[®] and Advate[®] were compared in a single-dose, open-label, randomized, cross-over study Previously treated male patients aged 18 to 65 years (N=18) with severe hemophilia A 			
Dosing	 Patients were randomized to a single infusion of KOVALTRY[®] (50 IU/kg) (n=9) Patients were then crossed over to a single infusion of the other treatment, with time for washout KOVALTRY[®] (n=9) Advate[®] (n=9) Advate[®] (n=9) 			
PK assessment	Plasma samples were collected predose and at 0.25, 0.5, 1, 3, 6, 8, 24, 30, and 48 hours postdose for PK assessment			

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

KOVALTRY may contain trace amounts of mouse and hamster proteins. Patients treated with this product may develop hypersensitivity to these non-human mammalian proteins.





PK parameters of KOVALTRY® and Advate® were studied in a single-dose, randomized, cross-over study²

Compared to Advate[®], KOVALTRY[®] demonstrated, with statistical significance:

- 48% higher AUC_{0-inf}
- 16% longer half-life
- 30% lower clearance

Cross-over PK study results (geometric mean [%CV]) following singledose administration (50 IU/kg) of KOVALTRY® and Advate® in 18 patients²

Chromogenic assay	KOVALTRY®	Advate [®]	<i>P</i> value
AUC _{0-last}	2200	1550	<0.0001
(IU∙h/dL)	(23.9)	(27.4)	
AUC _{0-inf}	2440	1650	<0.0001
(IU∙h/dL)	(28.5)	(31.0)	
C _{max}	151	153	0.32
(IU/dL)	(19.9)	(17.1)	
t _{1/2}	13.9	12.0	<0.0001
(h)	(25.1)	(23.3)	
MRT	19.2	15.0	<0.0001
(h)	(27.4)	(27.9)	
CL	0.021	0.030	<0.0001
(dL/h/kg)	(28.5)	(31.0)	
V _{ss}	0.39	0.46	<0.0001
(dL/kg)	(19.1)	(16.7)	

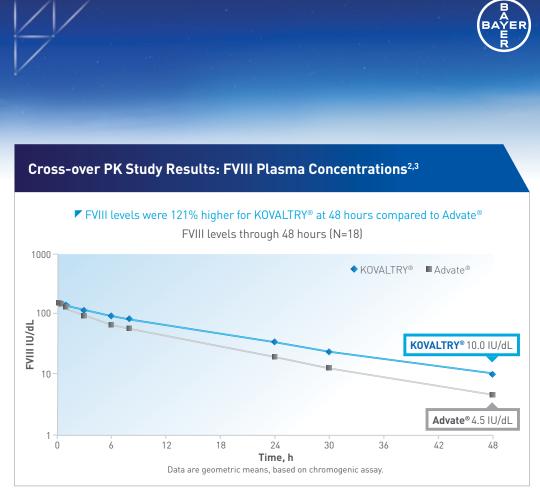
AUC_{0-inf}=area under the curve CL=clearance. from time 0 to infinity. AUC_{0-last}=area under the curve from time 0 to the last data point.

C_{max}=maximum concentration CV=coefficient of variation. MRT=mean residence time t_{1/2}=half-life. V_{ss}=apparent volume of distribution at steady state.

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Neutralizing antibody (inhibitor) formation has occurred following administration of KOVALTRY. Previously untreated patients (PUPs) are at greatest risk for inhibitor development with all Factor VIII products. Carefully monitor patients for the development of Factor VIII inhibitors, using appropriate clinical observations and laboratory tests. If expected plasma Factor VIII activity levels are not attained or if bleeding is not controlled as expected with administered dose, suspect the presence of an inhibitor.





FVIII=Factor VIII.

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

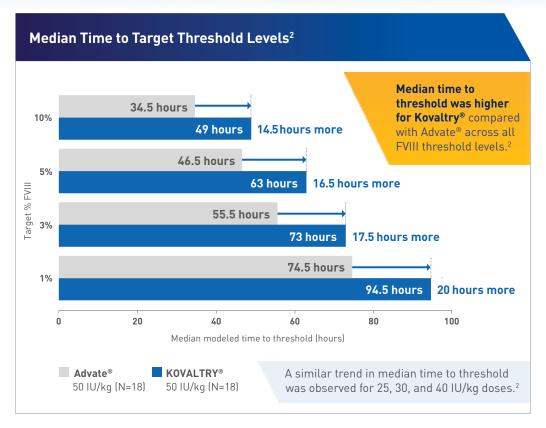
Hemophilic patients with cardiovascular risk factors or diseases may be at the same risk to develop cardiovascular events as non-hemophilic patients when clotting has been normalized by treatment with Factor VIII.







Estimated from a population PK model (N=18)^{2*}



PK=pharmacokinetics.

*Adapted from Shah et al. A population PK model was developed based on data obtained by a one-stage assay to simulate time to reach FVIII thresholds of 1, 3, 5 and 10% FVIII.²

SELECTED IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Catheter-related infections may occur when KOVALTRY is administered via central venous access devices (CVADs). These infections have not been associated with the product itself.







In a cross-over study examining PK characteristics of KOVALTRY® and Advate® in adults (N=18), KOVALTRY® demonstrated:



higher AUC_{0-inf}



longer half-life



clearance



higher FVIII levels at 48 hours

and longer median time to target FVIII threshold levels at 10%, 5%, 3% & 1%.

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The most frequently reported adverse reactions in clinical trials (>5%) were inhibitors in previously untreated patients (PUPs)/minimally treated patients (MTPs), and pyrexia, headache, and rash.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and the accompanying full <u>Prescribing Information</u>.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects or quality complaints of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit <u>www.fda.gov/medwatch</u> or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

References: 1. KOVALTRY[®] [prescribing information]. Whippany, NJ: Bayer HealthCare LLC; 2021. **2.** Shah A, Solms A, Garmann D, et al. Improved pharmacokinetics with BAY 81-8973 versus antihemophilic factor [recombinant] plasma/albumin-free method: a randomized pharmacokinetic study in patients with severe hemophilia A [Published online December 22, 2016]. *Clin Pharmacokinet.* doi:10.1007/s40262-016-0492-2. **3.** Data on file. Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Inc; 2016.

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Antihemophilic Factor (Recombinant)